

MARKET VALUATION INDICATION

Market Value Indication of a portfolio of 77 economic entities (85 properties) located in the federal state Schleswig-Holstein, Germany.



The pictures were taken during the object inspections (25.11.2019 to 27.11.2019) for the last full Market Value Assessment.



Table of Contents

Executive Summary	5
General	5
Valuer	5
Client	5
Purpose of Valuation	5
Identification of the assets	5
Basis of market value assessment	5
Valuation date	5
Use of the portfolio properties	5
Special note	
Extent of investigation	6
Nature and sources of the information relied upon	7
Information provided by the client:	7
Information provided by FA/KT Valuation:	
Basis of the valuation	8
Valuation	8
Assumptions and special assumptions	8
Restrictions	8
Confirmation	8
Market Value	
Liability	9
Principles of Valuation	
Location	. 10
Schleswig-Holstein	10
Documentation for relevant registration	.11
Residential market Germany	
Market Value	. 19
Glossary	. 20
	General Valuer Client. Purpose of Valuation. Identification of the assets. Basis of market value assessment. Valuation date. Use of the portfolio properties. Special note. Extent of investigation. Nature and sources of the information relied upon Information provided by the client: Information provided by FA/KT Valuation: Basis of the valuation Valuation. Assumptions and special assumptions. Restrictions. Confirmation Market Value. Valuation approach. Liability. Principles of Valuation. Conffict of Interest. Location Schleswig-Holstein. Documentation for relevant registration. Market. Residential market Germany. Market Value.

1. Executive Summary

summa	summary valuation basics				units area				rent				valu	rat	ies		multiplier/yield					
unit								ee		t p.a	.a		t €/sqm tial	e rent €/sqm tial	er	er	rate		olier t	olier e rent	yield int	ield e rent
economic u	city	street	year built	rent control leasehold	residential	commercial	parking	useable area in sqm	vacancy %	current rent	sust. rent p.	abbriv.	current rent €, UA residentia	sustainable re UA residential	market value	market value €/sqm	discountra	cap rate	gross mutiplier current rent	gross mutiplier sustainable rent	net initial y current ren	net initial yield sustainable rent
85				85	3.232	8	510	193.028,06	2,6%	12.711.620,64	13.156.685,20	3,5%	5,54	5,58	203.470.000	1.054	5,07%	4,57%	16,01	15,47	4,60%	4,84%
30021	23558 Lübeck	Georgstr. 6-16, Meierstr. 10-14	1954		74	0	4	3.880,70	-	298.462,92	298.657,66	0,1%	6,37	6,37	6.550.000	1.688	3,90%	3,40%	21,95	21,93	3,41%	3,41%
30078a	23569 Lübeck	Siemser Landstr. 1a, 1b	1972	Х	10	0	0	705,00	15,1%	35.805,60	45.327,00	26,6%	4,98	5,36	770.000	1.092	4,70%	4,20%	21,51	16,99	3,06%	4,27%
30078b	23569 Lübeck	Siemser Landstr. 8-8a	n/a	Х	11	0	7	769,96	-	47.906,16	50.506,07	5,4%	4,84	5,11	850.000	1.104	4,70%	4,20%	17,74	16,83	3,97%	4,27%
30123	23560 Lübeck	Heinzelmännchengasse 9-11	1963	Х	24	0	0	1.287,92	-	88.010,16	87.939,18	-0,1%	5,69	5,69	1.330.000	1.033	4,20%	3,70%	15,11	15,12	4,73%	4,73%
30142	23558 Lübeck	Töpferweg 47-55, Dornestr. 61-65d	1951	Х	230	0	0	8.517,82	0,4%	681.472,80	684.832,74	0,5%	6,70	6,70	11.210.000	1.316	3,90%	3,40%	16,45	16,37	4,40%	4,43%
30146	23558 Lübeck	Korvettenstr. 1-39	1966	Х	168	0	27	10.836,96	-	771.237,96	771.301,91	0,0%	5,82	5,82	12.320.000	1.137	4,20%	3,70%	15,97	15,97	4,37%	4,37%
30148	23558 Lübeck	Korvettenstr. 41-63, 52-64	1966	ХХ	152	0	54	11.256,12	0,7%	657.618,48	753.959,74	14,7%	4,70	5,37	12.280.000	1.091	4,00%	3,50%	18,67	16,29	3,45%	4,22%
30149	23568 Lübeck	Forstmeisterweg 83	1965	Х	180	0	0	6.127,31	1,7%	502.740,72	511.448,04	1,7%	6,95	6,96	9.110.000	1.487	4,00%	3,50%	18,12	17,81	3,98%	4,07%
30152	23560 Lübeck	Brüder-Grimm-Ring 4-4A	1971	х х	16	0	0	1.236,02	-	73.653,24	78.314,23	6,3%	4,97	5,28	1.270.000	1.027	4,10%	3,60%	17,24	16,22	3,91%	4,27%
30303	25746 Heide	Fehrsplatz 1-27	1952		42	0	0	1.590,35	-	118.313,76	118.449,95	0,1%	6,20	6,21	1.790.000	1.126	5,20%	4,70%	15,13	15,11	4,72%	4,73%
30332	25746 Heide	Fehrsplatz 6-8	1953		10	0	0	472,29	-	31.401,72	31.401,81	0,0%	5,54	5,54	470.000	995	5,20%	4,70%	14,97	14,97	4,71%	4,71%
32119	23566 Lübeck	Marliring 94-100	1965		20	0	0	1.807,17	3,3%	127.245,60	132.037,68	3,8%	6,44	6,45	2.760.000	1.527	4,20%	3,70%	21,69	20,90	3,56%	3,73%
32332	23560 Lübeck	Rebhuhnw. 2-8,Fasanenw. 1-7, 2-6	1968	Х	116	0	51	8.059,65	1,9%	564.889,44	578.820,06	2,5%	5,70	5,70	9.480.000	1.176	4,20%	3,70%	16,78	16,38	4,23%	4,37%
32469	23569 Lübeck	Hochofenstr. 22 - 22c	1982	Х	24	0	0	1.728,96	7,1%	123.418,20	133.173,18	7,9%	6,41	6,42	2.310.000	1.336	4,90%	4,40%	18,72	17,35	4,01%	4,43%
	23560 Lübeck	Loreleiweg 4-12	1970	Х	60	0	28	4.381,36	-	306.183,24	306.290,11	0,0%	5,57	5,57	5.200.000	1.187	4,20%	3,70%	16,98	16,98	4,24%	4,25%
	23738 Lensahn	Berliner Str. 26, 28a-28c, 30a-30c	1965		72	0	46	4.629,72	1,0%	329.231,52	334.994,34	1,8%	5,83	5,83	4.900.000	1.058	5,40%	4,90%	14,88	14,63	4,96%	5,07%
	23738 Lensahn	Hohenkrogstraße 2-8	1967	Х	30	0	5	1.983,57	4,1%	112.060,20	124.593,60	11,2%	4,84	5,15	1.750.000	882	5,40%	4,90%	15,62	14,05	4,37%	5,07%
32915c	23738 Lensahn	Hufenweg 1	1967	X	12	n	18	608,50	-	54.961,08	55.826,22	1,6%	6,61	6,61	850.000	1.397	5,40%	4,90%	15,47	15,23	4,89%	4,99%
	23738 Lensahn	Katharinenstraße 1	1967	X	18	0	n	932,29	_	55.419,36	55.937,40	0,9%	4,95	5,00	760.000	815	5,40%	4,90%	13,71	13,59	4,96%	5,03%
	23738 Lensahn	Wiesenkrog 1-9	1967	X	30	10	n	1.910,30	_	132.802,20	132.711,86	-0,1%	5,79	5,79	1.980.000	1.036	5,40%	4,90%	14,91	14,92	4,95%	4,95%
	25746 Heide	Gorch-Fock-Str. 2-12	1946	<u> </u>	46	n	n	1.978,51	_	144.500,52	144.434,30		6,09	6,08	2.200.000	1.112		4,70%	15,22	15,23	4,74%	4,73%
34051	25746 Heide	Gorch-Fock-Str.13-17	1957		19	0	n	891,85	-	62.201,28	62.202,72	0,0%	5,81	5,81	940.000	1.054	5,20%	4,70%	15,11	15,11	4,74%	4,74%
	25746 Heide	Gorch-Fock-Str.14-18	1959		20	0	0	885,84	_	63.090,60	63.129,69		5,94	5,94	960.000	1.084		4,70%	15,22	15,21	4,74%	4,74 %
	25746 Heide	Gorch-Fock-Str. 20-24	1959		18	0	0	888,06	_	61.336,92	61.337,99	0,1 %	5,76	5,76	930.000	1.004		4,70%	15,22	15,16	4,71%	4,72 %
	25746 Heide	Gorch-Fock-Str.26-30	1959		20	0	0	880,95	-	61.964,64	61.946,72	0,0%	5,86	5,86	930.000	1.047		4,70%	15,10	15,10	4,74%	4,74%
	25746 Heide	Gorch-Fock-Str.7-11	1958		19	0	n	885,56	3,2%	60.716,40	62.995,14	3,8%	5,90	5,93	960.000	1.084	5,20%	4,70%	15,81	15,24	4,73%	4,73%
	25746 Heide	Gorch-Fock-Str.1-5	1953		23	0	38	953,95	3,1%	83.068,80	87.923,63	5,8%	6,21	6,29	1.370.000	1.436		4,70%	16,49	15,58	4,40%	4,75%
	25746 Heide	Fehrsplatz 29-33	1954		23	0	0	962,29	-	71.259,72	71.247,95	0,0%	6,17	6,17	1.090.000	1.133		4,70%	15,30	15,30	4,72%	4,72%
	25832 Tönning	Badallee18a-20b	1950		16	0	0	1.100,20	-	66.355,44	72.613,20	9,4%	5,03	5,50	1.040.000	945		4,90%	15,67	14,32	4,51%	5,10%
34905a	25746 Heide	Arnold-Ebel-Str. 2-16, Hermann-Loe	1968		96	0	36	6.940,39	4,6%	433.146,72	454.016,29	4,8%	5,27	5,27	6.940.000	1.000	5,20%	4,70%	16,02	15,29	4,45%	4,74%
34905b	25746 Heide	Foehrer Str. 10,20,30, Helgolaender	1968		150	0	39	8.340,20	1,6%	561.878,16	572.177,88	1,8%	5,57	5,56	8.700.000	1.043	5,20%	4,70%	15,48	15,21	4,62%	4,74%
	24837 Schleswig	Memeler Str. 52	1957		5	0	0	412,19	22,8%	19.384,68	24.903,97	28,5%	5,08	5,03	360.000	873	5,30%	4,80%	18,57	14,46	3,46%	4,97%
	25746 Heide	DrLammers-Str.14-20	1956		16	0	0	1.131,52	13,3%	62.561,64	72.100,45		5,31	5,31	1.100.000	972		4,70%	17,58	15,26	3,89%	4,74%
	25746 Heide	DrLammers-Str.22 / Hans-Sierks-S	1960		8	0	0	602,12	-	38.934,36	38.945,12	0,0%	5,39	5,39	600.000	996		4,70%	15,41	15,41	4,74%	4,74%
	25746 Heide	Gustav-Frenssen-Str.2, 4	1955		10	0	0	505,22	-	34.778,04	34.799,55		5,74	5,74	530.000	1.049		4,70%	15,24	15,23	4,72%	4,72%
35620	24837 Schleswig	Danziger Str. 23-29, 24-26	1954		35	0	U	1.970,59	-	138.705,24	137.657,30	-0,8%	5,87	5,82	2.070.000	1.050		4,80%	14,92	15,04	4,91%	4,86%
35626 35629	24837 Schleswig	Memeler Str.1-3 Danziger Str. 20-22, 31-35	1955		34	0	n	571,16 1.649,97	-	36.643,56 116.062,80	36.627,09 116.108,22	-0,1% 0,0%	5,35 5,86	5,34 5,86	530.000 1.720.000	928 1.042	5,30% 5,30%	4,80% 4,80%	14,46 14,82	14,47 14,81	4,91% 4,87%	4,91% 4,87%
	24837 Schleswig 24837 Schleswig	Königsberger Str. 2-4, 6-12	1954 1957		27	0	U N	1.649,97	3,4%	111.492,12	115.108,22	3,4%	5,86	5,35	1.720.000	946		4,80%	15,25	14,81	4,87%	4,87%
35655	24837 Schleswig	Memeler Str.50	1957		5	0	n	412,31	3,4 %	24.728,52	24.736,87	0,0%	5,00	5,00	360.000	873	5,30%	4,80%	14,56	14,74	4,07%	4,89%
	24837 Schleswig	Memeler Str.6-8, 14-16	1957		26	0	0	1.219,15	2,6%	83.164,92	85.476,89		5,84	5,84	1.260.000	1.034	5,30%	4,80%	15,15	14,74	4,69%	4,87%
	24837 Schleswig	Memeler Str. 62-66	1957		15	0	0	978,90	7,5%	58.189,32	62.826,41	8,0%	5,35	5,35	920.000	940	5,30%	4,80%	15,81	14,64	4,42%	4,91%
		Birkenweg 1, Am Brautsee 56-58, U	1961		22	0	0	1.327,63	-	85.508,64	85.558,84		5,37	5,37	1.240.000	934		4,80%	14,50	14,49	4,93%	4,94%
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summa	ary valuation	ry valuation basics units				area rent						valu	value rates			multiplier/yield						
				П										mbs,								
economic unit	>-	treet	year built	nt control	leasehold residential	commercial	parking	useable area in sqm	vacancy %	rrent rent p.a	st. rent p.a	abbriv.	current rent €/sqm UA residential	sustainable rent €/s UA residential	arket value	market value €/sqm	discount rate	p rate	gross mutiplier current rent	gross mutiplier sustainable rent	net initial yield current rent	net initial yield sustainable rent
_	city	σ		rent	lea		pa		vai	cnı	ns			sns O V	Е			cap				ne Su:
36107		Koenigsberger Str. 14	1957		2	0	0	217,53	-	13.380,00	13.391,15	0,1%	5,13	5,13	200.000	919	5,30%	4,80%	14,95	14,94	4,92%	4,93%
36116	24837 Schleswig	Memeler Str.4-4a	1960		8		0	494,00	-	30.109,68	30.090,52	-0,1%	5,08	5,08	430.000	870	5,30%	4,80%	14,28	14,29	4,91%	4,91%
36142	24837 Schleswig	Klensbyer Str.2-4	1961		8		0	560,55	14.00/	32.348,52	32.354,95	0,0%	4,81	4,81	470.000	838	5,30%	4,80%	14,53	14,53	4,79%	4,79%
36149 36173	24837 Schleswig 24837 Schleswig	Birkenweg 3-7 Lindenweg 20, 20a, 22	1961 1962		1-		0	829,75 1.170,27	14,9% 5,3%	45.324,12 67.701,24	53.397,43 71.615,24	17,8% 5,8%	5,35 5,09	5,36 5,10	770.000 970.000	928 829	5,30% 5,30%	4,80% 4,80%	16,99 14,33	14,42 13,54	3,92% 4,57%	4,95% 4,96%
36196	24837 Schleswig	Am Brautsee 1-5	1962	X	1		0	1.170,27	6,2%	71.638,32	76.317,62	6,5%	5,10	5,10	1.120.000	898	5,30%	4,80%	15,63	14,68	4,43%	4,90 %
36207	24837 Schleswig	Schubertplatz 5-7	1964		1		0	1.172,12	5,6%	64.793,28	68.639,35	5,9%	4,88	4,88	990.000	845	5,30%	4,80%	15,28	14,00	4,43%	4,84%
36256	24837 Schleswig	Husumer Baum 5, 5a	1968		1.		0	632,78	J,U 70 -	43.722,84	43.727,12	0,0%	5,76	5,76	640.000	1.011	5,30%	4,80%	14,64	14,42	4,49%	4,87%
36358	24837 Schleswig	Solterbeerenhof 26-28	1968	V	1:		0	821,00	9,5%	47.025,96	51.922,73	10,4%	5,70	5,70	760.000	926	5,30%	4,80%	16,16	14,64	4,00%	4,00 %
36360	24837 Schleswig	Altfeld 13, 19-25	1973	$\frac{1}{x}$	x 3:		0	2.520,38	12,6%	133.077,48	152.038,83	14,2%	5,03	5,03	1.170.000	464	5,30%	4,80%	8,79	7,70	7,45%	9,03%
36371	24837 Schleswig	Altfeld 15-17	1982	$\frac{1}{x}$	x 1	_	10	972,07	12,0 /0	64.616,16	64.633,21	0,0%	5,54	5,54	780.000	802	5,30%	4,80%	12,07	12,07	5,72%	5,72%
36378	24837 Schleswig	Am Lornsenpark 2-6, Kälberstr. 37-3	1984	$\frac{1}{x}$	3		0	3.164,15	1,7%	220.623,48	224.367,57	1,7%	5,46	5,46	3.340.000	1.056	5,50%	5,00%	15,14	14,89	4,94%	5,05%
36379	24837 Schleswig	Domweg 10-14	1983	X	2		10	1.270,36	8,5%	77.493,96	84.775,39	9,4%	5,55	5,56	1.300.000	1.023	5,20%	4,70%	16,78	15,33	4,18%	4,73%
36394	24837 Schleswig	Drei Kronen 1a	1990	1^	0		2	241,14	0,0 /0	9.075,24	9.073,44	0,0%	0,00	0,00	120.000	498	5,50%	5,00%	13,22	13,23	5,13%	5,13%
36900a	24837 Schleswig	Solterbeerenhof 2-12	1971		4		1	3.242,56	6,2%	182.779,92	194.911,64	6,6%	5,01	5,01	2.840.000	876		4,80%	15,54	14,57	4,42%	4,83%
36900b	24837 Schleswig	Solterbeerenhof 5-17, 14-24	1971	X	x 12		54	8.064,63	1,6%	492.273,60	503.006,86	2,2%	4,98	4,98	7.330.000	909	5,30%	4,80%	14,89	14,57	4,42 %	4,84%
36902	24837 Schleswig	Mozartstr.4-22, Schubertpl. 1-3	1962	1^	11		n N	5.144,90	5,8%	349.641,24	369.384,86	5,6%	6,01	5,98	5.440.000	1.057		4,80%	15,56	14,73	4,54%	4,90%
36905	24837 Schleswig	Klaus-Groth-Str. 1, 1a-c, 3, 3a, 2, 2b	1960		v 7	2 N	0	3.117,37	2,5%	208.904,40	214.729,08	2,8%	5,73	5,74	2.580.000	828	5,30%	4,80%	12,35	12,02	5,54%	5,76%
37129	25746 Heide	Bürgermeister-Blaas-Str. 4-14	1951		3	0 0	10	1.481,95	4,1%	105.543,24	110.052,12	4,3%	6,19	6,19	1.690.000	1.140		4,70%	16,01	15,36	4,54%	4,80%
37171	24837 Schleswig	Memeler Str.5, 5a	1960		1		10	689,91		40.696,32	40.672,18	-0,1%	4,92	4,91	580.000	841	5,30%	4,80%	14,25	14,26	4,92%	4,91%
37174	24837 Schleswig	Hornbrunnen 14a, 14b, Schulberg 2	1958		2			1.622,64	_	97.282,08	97.236,72	-0,1%	5,00	4,99	1.390.000	857		4,80%	14,29	14,30	4,92%	4,92%
37190	23566 Lübeck	Arnimstr.82	1963		x 5		16	2.962,86	_	237.136,80	237.301,13	0,1%	6,46	6,46	4.200.000	1.418	4,10%	3,60%	17,71	17,70	4,20%	4,20%
37201	24837 Schleswig	Klensbyer Str. 19-29, 31-33	1960		4			2.485,54	10,2%	145.095,24	161.532,97	11,3%	5,42	5,42	2.340.000	941		4,80%	16,13	14,49	4,28%	4,97%
37204	24837 Schleswig	Am Brautsee 25-31, Lindenweg 24-	1960		3		0	2.392,34	5,7%	137.049,36	145.299,21	6,0%	5,06	5,06	2.120.000	886	5,30%	4,80%	15,47	14,59	4,46%	4,84%
		Gustav-Frenssen-Str. 10-16	1961			$\begin{array}{c c} 3 & 0 \\ \hline 6 & 0 \end{array}$		1.071,56	-	65.137,44			5,07	5,07	970.000		5,20%		14,89	14,89	4,75%	4,75%
	25746 Heide	Hermann-Loens-Str. 8-16	1962		2		11	1.603,79	4,8%	103.193,40	108.454,31	5,1%	5,39	5,40	1.680.000		5,20%	4,70%	16,28	15,49	4,45%	4,76%
37225		Schoenboeckener Str. 74-74c	1963		x 3:			2.256,44	2,8%	154.335,60	158.837,88	2,9%	5,87	5,87	2.660.000		4,10%	3,60%	17,24	16,75	4,11%	4,28%
37229a		Am Brautsee 28-30	1964		4			2.794,32	14,7%	148.409,04	173.442,45		5,03	5,02	2.450.000	877	5,30%	4,80%	16,51	14,13	4,02%	5,03%
37229b	-	Erlenweg 1-3	1957		1:			1.198,33	-	64.233,96	64.231,49		4,47	4,47	910.000		5,30%	4,80%	14,17	14,17	4,91%	4,91%
		Gustav-Frenssen-Str. 13-19	1963		2			1.896,42	_	112.691,76	112.639,18	-0,1%	4,95	4,95	1.690.000			4,70%	15,00	15,00	4,74%	4,74%
		Im Brandenbaumer Feld 10, 10a	1965		x 3			2.274,89	-	216.256,32	217.095,71		7,58	7,58	3.860.000		4,30%	3,80%	17,85	17,78	4,41%	4,43%
		Schubertplatz 2-6	1966		2			1.943,32	_	112.089,72	112.036,54	-0,1%	4,72	4,71	1.610.000	828		4,80%	14,36	14,37	4,88%	4,88%
		Eutiner Str. 42-48, 48a	1967		3:		0	2.206,36	-	165.114,96	156.046,57		6,24	5,89	3.000.000		4,30%	3,80%	18,17	19,23	4,18%	3,88%
37248		Nordstrander Str. 15 -19	1965		1			1.494,21	-	87.946,92	88.011,51	0,1%	4,72	4,72	1.260.000	843		4,70%	14,33	14,32	4,92%	4,92%
		Mozartstr. 24	1966		4			3.592,44	5,0%	179.377,92	188.152,21		4,07	4,07	2.500.000		5,30%	4,80%	13,94	13,29	4,65%	4,99%
		Erlenweg 5	1967		4		_	3.706,56	2,7%	201.957,72	206.891,19	2,4%	4,67	4,65	2.940.000		5,30%	4,80%	14,56	14,21	4,71%	4,87%
		Drei Kronen 1-7	1968		x 3:			2.529,35	-	137.336,52	137.191,94		4,52	4,52	1.600.000		5,30%	4,80%	11,65	11,66	5,67%	5,66%
37273	24837 Schleswig	Drei Kronen 9-11	1969		x 1			1.102,33	7,6%	58.263,36	62.961,26	8,1%	4,77	4,76	780.000		5,30%	4,80%	13,39	12,39	4,90%	5,49%
		Drei Kronen 13-15, Altfeld 3-5	1971		x 3:		_	2.246,94	7,0%	126.435,60	135.894,93	7,5%	5,04	5,04	1.700.000		5,30%	4,80%	13,45	12,51	4,94%	5,48%
		Altfeld 7-11	1972	Х		4 0	_	1.842,57	4,6%	106.278,72	113.649,72	6,9%	5,04	5,14	1.480.000	803		4,80%	13,93	13,02	4,97%	5,46%
38053		An der Schanze 12, Kattenhunder V			1.			867,10	-	54.710,52	54.681,83		5,26	5,26	790.000		5,30%	4,80%	14,44	14,45	4,93%	4,92%
		Schubystr.106-116, Julius-Petersen		Х			0	1.875,78	6,2%	108.011,28		6,7%	5,12	5,12	1.630.000	869		4,80%	15,09	14,15	4,52%	4,95%
				<u>*</u> _	<u> </u>	•		•			·			·		<u>'</u>		•		·		



2. General

2.1 Valuer

Dirk Fischer-Appelt FRICS
Partner
in
FA/KT Valuation Chartered Surveyors
Fischer-Appelt / Kipp-Thomas
Partnerschaft von Grundstückssachverständigen
Kleine Johannisstraße 10
20457 Hamburg

Local Court Hamburg: PR 703 USt-IdNr.: DE 273 50 5 702 Tel +49 40 30068749-11 Fax +49 40 30068749-19 fa@fa-kt-valuation.de www.fa-kt-valuation.de

2.2 Client

K/S Danske Immobilien Jernbanegade 2, 1 7900 Nykobing Mors Denmark

2.3 Purpose of Valuation

This Markte Value Indication is prepared only for accounting purposes of the client.

2.4 Identification of the assets

Subject of this valuation are the properties of K/S Danske Immobilien listed in the given rent roll, dated 15th November 2020. The 77 economic entities (85 properties) are located in the federal state of Schleswig Holstein in Germany.

2.5 Basis of market value assessment

FA/KT Valuation Chartered Surveyors (further mentioned as FA/KT) has been instructed by K/S Danske Immobilien (further mentioned as K/S Danske) to carry out the valuation of the market value of the investment properties as listed in the expert contract dated 25th and 28th September 2020.

2.6 Valuation date

Date of valuation is the 31th December 2020.

2.7 Use of the portfolio properties

The portfolio properties are mainly residential properties and individual mixed-use properties.



2.8 Special note

With regard to the current developments concerning the coronavirus (COVID-19), reference should be made to the legal definition of the term "fair value" according to IVS 104, according to which fair values are to be determined in the context of an arm's length transaction". As of the reporting date, speculative and imaginary reductions in value are not currently reported. In the present fair value calculation, it is assumed that the market data used as a basis will market data can still be regarded as normal for the market.

With regard to the residential market, a stable market environment has been observed in the course of the pandemic to date

In the present valuation, the valuation of the leasehold properties was further adjusted to the valuation methodology of the German valuation practice. Furthermore, the capitalisation of the net income reduced by the ground rent is carried out at the cap rate until the end of the ground lease term. In addition, the contractually guaranteed compensation was determined in the amount of 2/3 of the building value and a discount for general disadvantages from the ground lease was taken into account in the amount of 10 % (customary 5 - 15 %) of the market value of the full ownership.

2.9 Extent of investigation

Basis for the present desktop valuation are the up-dated information provided by the client, the data, details and impressions obtained during on-site inspection in 2019 as they have been indicated in the Summary Valuation Report (date of valuation 31.12.2019) as well as the general economic factors influencing the value on the real estate market at the time the valuations relates to (valuation date).

Due to the fact that FA/KT has previously inspected the property (25.11. to 28.11.2019), and the client has confirmed that no material changes to the physical attributes of the property and the area in which it is situated have occurred, a revaluation without inspection was agreed.



3. Nature and sources of the information relied upon

3.1 Information provided by the client:

- ¬ rent roll, dated 15th November 2020
- Overview of publicly subsidized housing units, dated 13th November 2020
- Overview of ground rents, undated
- Redevelopment and modernisation measurements (> 50 TEUR), dated 18.11.2020

We assume that the property information provided to us by the client is correct and complete as at the date of valuation. We assume that any documents not provided by the client have no impact on the market value assessment.

3.2 Information provided by FA/KT Valuation:

- Market Reports regarding the housing market in Germany
- Statistical reports by the Statistical Office of Hamburg and Schleswig-Holstein
- ─ Vonovia index development by www.ariva.de
- ─ Vonovia intermediate report 3. Q. 2020
- Deutsche Wohnen intermediate report 3. Q. 2020
- ¬ TAG intermediate report 3. Q. 2020
- → vdp property price index of 3. Q. 2020
- ¬ SWAP-Satz (EUR) 10 Jahre by finanzen.handelsblatt.com



4. Basis of the valuation

4.1 Valuation

The basis for the present market valuation assessment are the data provided by the client as well as the general economic factors influencing the value on the real estate market at the time the valuations relates to (valuation date). The valuation has been carried out according to the Valuation Practice Statements (VPS 2) Inspections and investigations (12) Revaluation without inspection of the Red Book.

4.2 Assumptions and special assumptions

No assumptions and special assumptions.

4.3 Restrictions

4.3.1 Copyright

The copyright to the expert opinion belongs to the surveyor without any limitations whatsoever. The client is exclusively entitled to make use of the expert opinion for the purposes agreed to in this contract. The expert opinion is exclusively intended for internal use by the client. The client is not entitled to make the expert opinion available to third parties in any form whatsoever, or to grant access to these documents. The client is not entitled to make alterations or amendments to the copyright-protected expert opinion.

4.3.2 Intended Utilization

This market value Aasessment compiled by FA/KT Valuation Chartered Surveyors on principle is only intended for the use indicated in the order. The data may only be passed on to third parties if FA/KT Valuation Chartered Surveyors has given written permission to do so.

4.4 Confirmation

In general, valuation is carried out according to the principles of the International Valuation Standards (IVS) setting by the International Valuation Standards Committee and the Appraisal and Valuation Standards setting by the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors. The approach is determined by the practices of the real estate market and the circumstances of the individual case. The basis for this is a market-oriented income capitalisation approach to valuation.

The valuation takes into account the respective market situation in the real estate segment according to the general economic factors influencing value, the local supply and demand situation, the fungibility of the valuation object etc. as well as other characteristics and conditions of the valuation subject, but always under consideration of the assumptions made in the report.

4.5 Market Value

Our valuation has been carried out in accordance with the definition of Market Value relevant to international property valuations. The definition of Market Value is set by the International Valuation Standards Committee (International Valuation Standards IVS 2017) and adopted by the European Group of Valuers' Associations (European Valuation Standards, EVS 2016) as well as the Red Book of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors (Appraisal and Valuation Standards 2017 edition). Therein the market value is defined as: "The estimated amount for which a property should exchange on the date of valuation between a willing buyer and a willing seller in an arm's-length transaction after proper marketing wherein the parties had each acted knowledgeably, prudently and without compulsion."

To specify that the present valuation is executed as revaluation without inspection and on desktop level only, the determined value is stated as market value indication.



4.6 Valuation approach

As ordered, this assessment will determine the Market Value, using the Discounted-Cash-Flow procedure (DCF). We show the income less costs (cash-flow) for the first 10 years as per the key date of valuation, within the framework of calculations on the Discounted-Cash-Flow procedure. The cash flow of the last period is taken as basis for the division by the estimated cap rate. The cash-flows are discounted by the discount rate in arrear as per the key date of valuation and added. As a result of the DCF-method we will get the gross present value. After deduction of the transfer costs we will get to the net present value which corresponds to the Market Value.

4.7 Liability

FA/KT Valuation Chartered Surveyors accepts liability in cases of malintent and of gross negligence on the part of FA/KT Valuation Chartered Surveyors or one of its representatives or vicarious agents, in accordance with the statutory regulations. Otherwise FA/KT Valuation Chartered Surveyors accepts liability only in accordance with the Product Liability Act "Produkthaftungsgesetz", due to injury to life and/or limb or to health, or due to culpable violation of essential contractual obligations. Claims for compensation for violation of essential contractual obligations is, however, limited to contracttypical, foreseeable damage. Liability on the part of FA/KT Valuation Chartered Surveyors is also limited of cases of negligence with respect to contract-typical, foreseeable damage. The liability of FA/KT Valuation Chartered Surveyors for cases of damage caused by negligence on our part or on the part of our vicarious agents, as well as for fault-unrelated claims in connection with this valuation-report commission is limited to 10% of the determined market value, though no more than a maximum total of € 2,500,000 (2 million, five hundred thousand Euros), for the properties cited in this valuationreport commission. The related commissioning of several valuation reports is regarded here as a single valuation-report commission. A single damage case also applies with respect to unified damage arising from several cases of breach of obligations, if the matters in question have a legal or commercial connection. The liability for slight negligence is excluded. The single valuation report of each property is part of a portfolio of 48 properties of MCPF in the federal states of Schleswig Holstein, Lower Saxony and the Free and Hanseatic city of Hamburg in Germany. Therefore, the single valuation is related to the portfolio in joint liability.

4.8 Principles of Valuation

The revaluation of the real estate is carried-out as desktop valuation based on information made available to the surveyor by the client. The client has confirmed that no material changes to the physical attributes of the property and the area in which it is situated have occurred.

The surveyor assumes that such information is complete and correct and that there are no unknown circumstances that exert an influence on the market value to be ascertained. In particular, the surveyor assumes that the figures indicated for lease area and for current rents, as shown on the rent rolls, are correct and that the methods employed for calculating the area correspond to those customarily employed for the type of real estate in question.

For purposes of the valuation it is presumed that the business on the premises to be evaluated, as on the valuation date specified by contract, will continue to exist, both in terms of type and extent, for the period of the remaining useful life of the building facilities, or that some comparable business will be available as the user.

Account is taken of rights, encumbrances and limitations only to the extent that these exert a recognizable influence on the value of the property to be surveyed and must therefore be given special consideration.

4.9 Conflict of Interest

We confirm that FA/KT Valuation Chartered Surveyors have acted as independent surveyors and that we have no conflict of interest in acting on behalf of MCPF in this matter. We confirm that FA/KT Valuation Chartered Surveyors has no other financial relationship, or have had, with the borrower, its directors or the property.



5. Location

5.1 Schleswig-Holstein

Schleswig-Holstein is the northernmost German federal state. It is located between the North Sea and the Baltic Sea. Kiel Canal, the busiest man-made waterway in the world connects these two seas. Schleswig-Holstein is bordered in the north by Denmark, and by Mecklenburg-Western Pomerania and the Baltic in the east. To the south there are Hamburg and Lower Saxony and to the west the North Sea.

Schleswig-Holstein lies on the base of Jutland Peninsula between the North Sea and the Baltic Sea. Strictly speaking, "Schleswig" refers to the German Southern Schleswig, whereas Northern Schleswig is in Denmark. The state of Schleswig-Holstein further consists of Holstein as well as Lauenburg, and the formerly independent city of Lübeck. German is the official language, Low German, Danish and North Frisian enjoy legal protection or state promotion. Schleswig-Holstein is divided into 11 administrative districts.

For the state of Schleswig-Holstein, a positive demographic development of around 1.4% is expected between 2014 und 2030.

Lübeck

The Hanseatic City of Lübeck is an independent city in the east of the state of Schleswig-Holstein. Kiel, the capital of Schleswig-Holstein, is located about 60 km (linear distance) to the northwest.

The city of Lübeck has about 216,530 inhabitants (as of 31.12.2019). This represents a population density of about 1,011 inhabitants per square km. The latest demographic report of Schleswig-Holstein anticipates a population increase of 4.0% for Lübeck between 2014 und 2030.

The motorways A20 and A1 run within the boundaries of Lübeck. The A1 leads southwest to Hamburg.

The macro location is assessed as good due to its affiliation with the Hamburg Metropolitan Region and a good interregional connectivity.

Lensahn

Lensahn is a municipality in the district Ostholstein in the east of the state of Schleswig-Holstein. Kiel, the capital of Schleswig-Holstein, is located about 50 km (linear distance) to the west.

With about 4,938 inhabitants (as of 31.12.2019)., the municipality of Lensahn has a population density of about 178 inhabitants per km². The latest demographic report of Schleswig-Holstein anticipates a population decrease of 4,1% for the district of Ostholstein between 2014 und 2030.

The motorway A1 runs through Lensahn. The A1 leads southwest to Hamburg.

The macro location is assessed as average due to the distance to the Hamburg Metropolitan Region.

Heide

Heide is the district town of Dithmarschen in the west of the state of Schleswig-Holstein. Kiel, the capital of Schleswig-Holstein is located about 70 km (linear distance) in an eastern direction.

The city of Heide has about 21,852 inhabitants (as of 31.12.2019) which represents a population density of about 684 inhabitants per km². The latest demographic report of Schleswig-Holstein anticipates a population decrease of -5.6% for the district of Dithmarschen between 2014 und 2030.

The macro location is assessed as average due to its affiliation with the Hamburg Metropolitan Region.

Schleswig

Schleswig is the district town of the district of Schleswig-Flensburg in the north-east of the state of Schleswig-Holstein. Kiel, the capital of Schleswig-Holstein, is located about 30 km (linear distance) in northern direction.

The city of Schleswig has about 25,2416 inhabitants (as of 31.12.2019). This represents a population density of 1,046 inhabitants per km². The latest demographic report of Schleswig-Holstein anticipates a population decrease of -3.7 % for the district of Schleswig-Flensburg between 2014 und 2030.

The motorway A7 runs west to Schleswig and leads south to Hamburg.



The macro location is assessed as average due to the distance to the Hamburg Metropolitan Region and a good interregional connectivity.

Tönning

Tönning is a town in the district Nordfriesland in the west of the state of Schleswig-Holstein. The center of Kiel, the capital of Schleswig-Holstein, is located about 75 km (linear distance) in an eastern direction.

The city of Tönning has about 4,984 inhabitants (as of 31.12.2019) which represents a population density of about 112 inhabitants per km². The latest demographic report of Schleswig-Holstein anticipates a population decrease of 2,1% for the district of Nordfriesland between 2014 und 2030.

The motorway A23 is located 15 km south to Tönning and leads to Hamburg in a southeastern direction.

The macro location is assessed as average due to the distance to the Hamburg Metropolitan Region.

6. Documentation for relevant registration

This market value Assessment is based on the documentation status of the aforementioned preliminary valuations.



7. Market

7.1 Residential market Germany

The current market situation is characterized by uncertainties regarding the withdrawal of the United Kingdom from the EU, the progress of European integration and international free trade. The effects of the COVID-19-pandemic on the global economy in general and on the German economy in particular cannot be estimated conclusively at present. Germany is one of the structurally well-established economies of the European Monetary Union. The OECD forecasts that GDP in Germany will fall by 5.5% in 2020 and grow by 2.8% in 2021. Unemployment in Germany is at a low level by international comparison and, at around 5.0% in 2019, was at its lowest level since reunification. The German economy grew by approx. 0,6% in 2019. Main driver of this development remains mainly domestic consumption, which among other things contributes to population and employment growth. Inflation has fallen to about 1.4%. However, productivity growth has slowed and investment activity is considered cautious. The aging population and internal migration, especially to urban centres, present high challenges.

The general interest rate environment has changed little compared to the previous year. The asset price or credit growth is predominantly classified as still harmless. However, housing prices in some of the largest cities with the highest population density have risen significantly faster than rents, with some observers warning of blistering.

According to the vdp (Verband Deutscher Pfandbriefbanken) price index for real estate, residential property prices continued to rise. Compared to the fourth quarter of 2019, the capital value index rose by 69 basis points (as of third quarter 2020). Multi-family houses are the dominant object type in metropolises and cities, which have experienced strong population growth in recent years. This leads to a still high demand for housing. As a result, new lease rentals continued to rise by 3.4%. The high demand for housing also makes apartment blocks attractive to investors, with the result that cap rates have continued to fall. The corresponding index fell by 15 basis points. Cap rate compression over the past few years was fuelled by high demand and a decrease in interest rates.

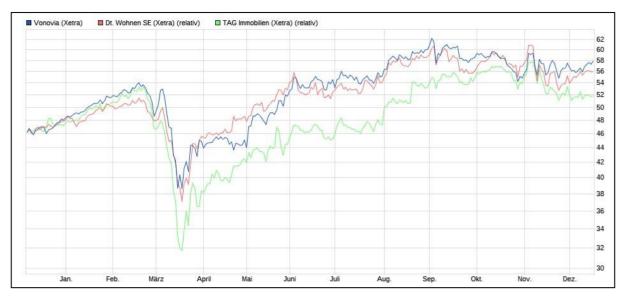
Since the last valuation in December 2019 the Swap-Rate 10 years (EUR) has fallen from 0.080 to -0,263 (as of 16.12.2020).



(Date: 16.12.2020)

As a result of the COVID-19-pandemic, the share prices of Vonovia, Deutsche Wohnen and TAG declined in March 2020. The share prices have been raising again since then.





(Date: 16.12.2020)

According to the annual intermediate report of Vonovia, one of the largest housing companies in Germany, their housing stock in the regional market of Kiel consists of 23,219 units as of 30.09.20120. The report shows vacancies are recorded at 2.2% and the average rent at 6.53 €/m². The regional market of Hamburg consists of 19,744 units as of 30.09.2020. The report shows vacancies are recorded at 1.5% and the average rent at 7.35 €/m².

The Deutsche Wohnen SE records a net rent of 6.63 €/m² and a vacancy rate of 2.0% for their german market with 158,665 residential units in total (as of 30.09.2020). In comparison to the previous year a 0.9% increase in rent is recorded.

As of 30.09.2020, the regional portfolio of the TAG Immobilien AG in the Hamburg region includes 7,032 residential units with an area of 432,435 m². The net rent is given as 5,82 €/m², the vacancy is 4.2%. The Hamburg region extends via Bremen to Wilhelmshaven and north to Schleswig-Holstein. The economic and cultural center of this region is the Hanseatic City of Hamburg.

Sociodemographic and development of housing demand

The comprehensive residential property market report 'Germany up to 2040 - long-term trends and their significance for the property market' compiled by the consultancy firm empirica AG establish that, up to 2040, the annual additional demand in the residential market will remain relatively stable, despite the declining population. In the future, only a few spatial planning regions, e.g. the Alpine foothills in Bavaria, Baden-Württemberg and the conurbation around Hamburg, can expect increases in residential demand of more than 15 %. In contrast, the demand in large areas of Eastern Germany will decline by up to 15%.

Overall, empirica estimates that, by 2040, an increase in demand from the current 17.1 million residential units to 19.6 million can be expected in the market. In the next ten years, the demand for apartment buildings will dominate initially. Up to 2040, the estimated annual requirement for apartments in apartment buildings is 45,000. In contrast, annual demand for individual and two-family houses is around 130,000 residential units, due to a shift in preference towards individual and two-family houses. According to empirica, the demand for apartment buildings is already decreasing in 15 of the 97 spatial planning regions. Declining demand is particularly evident in Western Germany: in the Saarland, the Western Palatinate and the Eastern part of Oberfranken.

By 2040, the demand for apartment buildings will decline by more than 5% in more than half of the West German regions. In contrast, the demand for residential accommodation will increase in 15 of the 97 spatial planning regions. According to empirica, these include the Hamburg region, the Southern regions of Bavaria and Baden-Württemberg and the area around Cologne-Bonn.

Portfolio transactions

Continuing uncertainties in the financial markets and weakened global economic performance have caused a crisis of confidence for many investors, including banks and institutional investors. The returns on alternative investments have either fallen sharply or, under present market conditions, have a too high investment risk. The significantly increased



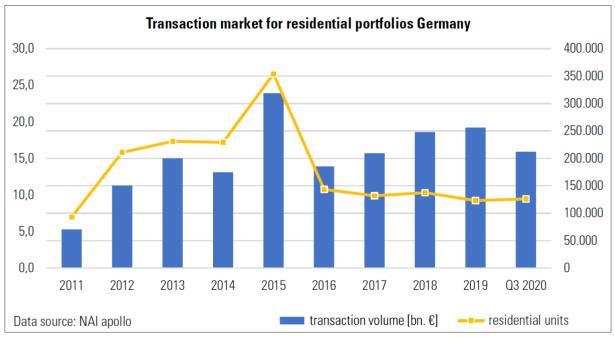
sensitivity to risk was reflected in the collapse of the investment volumes flowing into commercial property in 2008 and 2009. Although it is now more than a decade since institutional investors established residential property as an asset class, residential portfolios have moved even more strongly into the focus of investors since the start of the financial crisis. Residential investments are viewed as a comparatively low-risk asset class because of their low volatility in values and secure, reliable cash flows. Under current restrictive lending conditions, banks are more likely to be prepared to finance a residential portfolio transaction. With its relatively secure and steady income flow, a residential portfolio presents a lower risk of credit default than the acquisition of commercial property using borrowed capital.

In the last few years, the German housing sector has emerged as a predominantly stable investment market. It therefore differs from countries such as the USA, the UK and Spain, where the housing sector was considered to be the cause of the persistent financial and economic crisis. A positive factor is that, in Germany, there was less speculative spin and no real estate bubble. One of the main reasons for this is the importance of low-risk fixed-rate mortgages and building society savings contracts in private real estate finance. Another one is the absence of a subprime market (a market in private mortgages mainly involving borrowers of doubtful creditworthiness).

However, if there are any real estate investments that have benefitted from the last crisis, in Germany it would have been investments in residential property. The residential property investment sector is regarded as having particularly high potential, not least because of its assumed high level of inflation proofing and comparatively constant rental income. In addition, there is currently a shortage of possibilities for alternative investments, due to difficult financing conditions with high risk surcharges, a shortage of supply or unattractive trends of return.

According to the latest NAI apollo report, the volume on the market for residential portfolio transactions (\geq 30 units) in Germany totalled 15.9 bn € in the first three quarters 2020. This is an increase of 14% compared the result of the same period of the previous year (2019: 13.9 bn €).

Regarding the residential units, the first three quarters of the year reached a higher level than in the previous year at around 126-000 (2019: 94,700 residential units). 227 portfolios were dealt. Despite the COVID-19-pandemic, the housing market has proved very robust so far this year with rents and prices continuing to rise and residential investments still in demand. Only the transaction processes have slowed down due to the circumstances of the pandemic. NAI apollo does not expect a decline in market activities in the last quarter of the year and expects a transaction volume in the amount of the previous year's result of about 19 bn. €.



7.1.1 Residential market Schleswig-Holstein

According to Statistical Office of Hamburg and Schleswig-Holstein, the number of apartments in the state of Schleswig-Holstein within the period 2012-2018 raised from 1,424,535 to 1,454,905. This represents an increase of 2,1%. The existing 1,454,905 apartments in 2019 are distributed to 826,121 residential buildings.



A total of 13,668 apartments with a floor space of 1,289,100 m² were completed in Schleswig-Holstein in 2019. This corresponds to an increase in ready-to-move apartments by 13.7% and a 11.2% increase in new living space compared to the previous year.

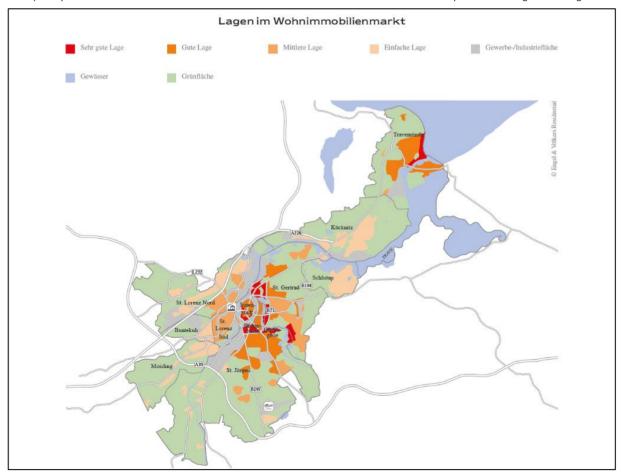
In parallel with the increase in housing completions in 2019, the number of building permits in 2019 also increased by 4.0% year-on-year to 15.435 units.

7.1.2 Residential market Lübeck

In its most recent market report, the expert committee for property values in the Hanseatic City of Lübeck recorded 128 purchase cases for multi-family houses in 2019. The cash turnover for multi-family houses amounted to approximately 95.9 mn €.

City district	Purchase cases	Cash turnover
Innenstadt	14	7.9 mn €
St. Jürgen	29	19.2 mn €
Moisling	1	n.a.
Buntekuh	1	n.a.
St. Lorenz Süd	16	6.3 mn €
St. Lorenz Nord	39	24.9 mn €
St. Gertrud	16	8.0 mn €
Schlutup	3	n.a.
Kücknitz	3	n.a.
Travemünde	6	26.5 mn €

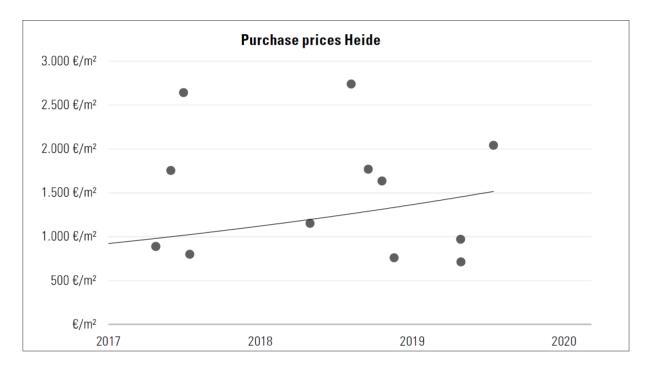
The quality of locations on the residential market in Lübeck is assessed as follows by the brokerage firm Engel & Völkers:

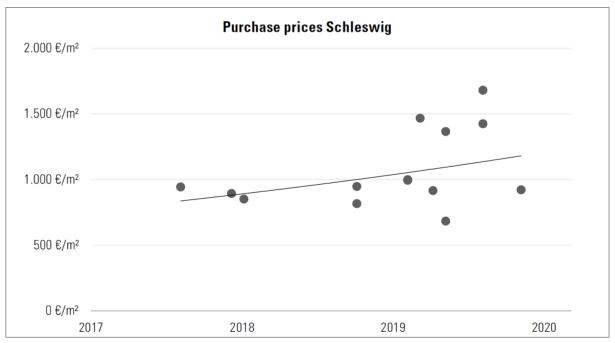




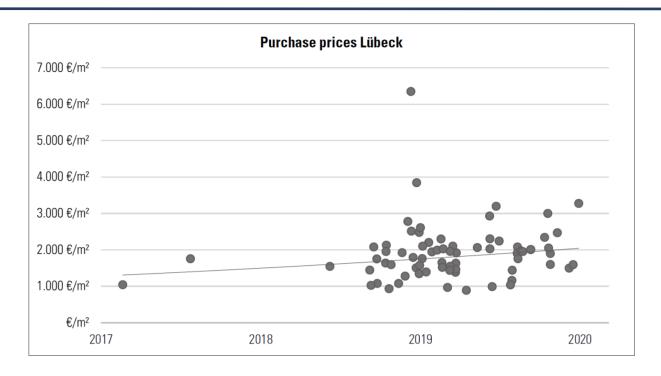
7.1.3 Purchase prices for multi-family houses

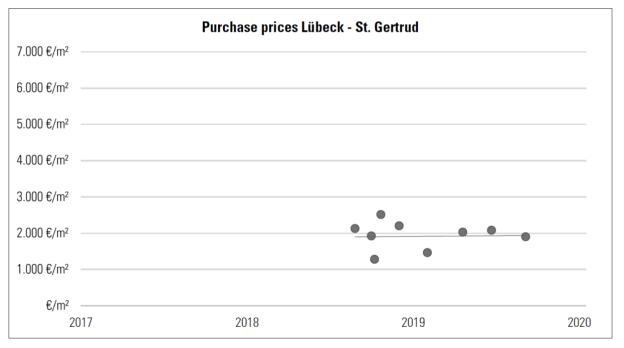
Excerpts from the collections of purchase prices of the expert committees for property values in the districts of Dithmarschen, Nordfriesland, Ostholstein and Schleswig-Flensburg as well as in the Hanseatic City of Lübeck were requested. For Lensahn and Tönning, there were no or insufficient purchase cases for multi-family houses available. The purchase prices in Heide, Lübeck and Schleswig from the past four years are shown in the following charts. For Lübeck, additional charts were created for the two city districts of St. Gertrud and St. Lorenz as purchase prices within the city differ significantly in some cases depending on the quality of location.



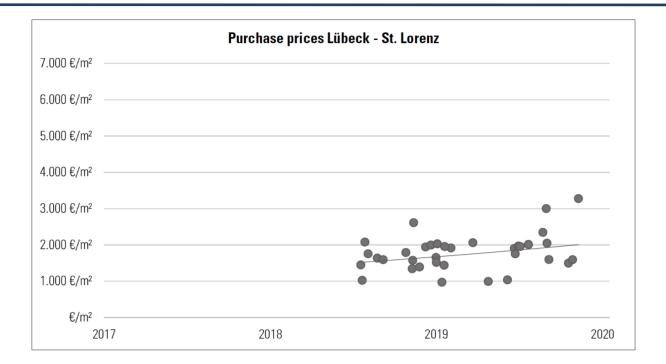












A continuously rising purchase price level can be observed. There is a wide range of purchase prices in the three cities. For the valuation, the expert had a large amount of data on the individual purchase prices available for analysis. In Germany, all purchase prices of asset deals are reported to the responsible expert committees, which obtain further data. As a certified valuer, I am entitled to obtain this data for a qualified valuation, but may only pass on this data in aggregated form.

The average rent paid for the property, which in turn depends on the condition of the property, the year of construction and the quality of the location in the urban area, has a significant influence on the purchase prices. The average property quality of the portfolio can be rated average to slightly below average overall. The portfolio is continuously maintained. Major modernisation work is only carried out selectively due to the overall low rent level. There is long-term, continuous potential for rent increases. Only in the Hanseatic City of Lübeck are higher rent increases conceivable after modernisation. However, the legal framework in Germany for rent increases has been tightened considerably in recent years. There are a number of large rental apartment complexes in Lübeck, but most of these are under hereditary building rights. Since a large part of the value development is reflected in the land value, the increase in value of the leaseholds is lower than the market development. The remaining terms of the leaseholds range from 40 to 60 years.



8. Market Value

The Market Value for the subject property is derived from the income value, in accordance with standard property market practice in normal business transactions. The valuation was ascertained in line with value levels conformant with the property market on the date of valuation. For this reason, no specific adjustment for the property market situation needed to be made.

Based on the provided data, our opinion of the Market Value "As Is" of the freehold interest on the date of valuation 31. December 2020 is assessed as

203,470,000 €

(in words: two hundred three million four hundred seventy thousand Euros)

Hamburg, 13th January 202

Dirk Fischer-Appelt FRICS

Partner



9. Glossary

CapEx

CapEx are investments for refurbishment, maintenance backlog and tenant improvements.

Gross Multiplier on Current Rent (GMoCR)

The Gross Multiplier on Current Rent (GMoCR) is comparable to the German "Maklerfaktor" and is calculated with market value divided by the current gross rental income.

Gross Rental Income (GRI)

The Gross Rental Income (GRI) is comparable to the German "Nettokaltmiete" and is another name for the current rent.

Market Rent (MR)

The Market Rent (MR) reflects the long-term rent attainable for a property and accordingly the assessed market rent for new lettings and reletting. The market rent results from the research and the analysis of the current rent, recent lease agreements (last 2 years), market reports, actual offerings and the gualified table of rental.

Net Initial Yield (NIY)

The Net Initial Yield (NIY) is calculated with the net rental income divided by the sum of market value and transaction costs.

Net Operating Income (NOI)

The Net Operating Income (NOI) is based on the net rental income minus agent fees and tenant improvements (CapEx).

Net Rental Income (NRI)

The Net Rental Income is calculated from the gross rental income minus the operating costs.

Non-Recoverable Costs (non recs)

The Non-Recoverable Costs (non recs) are well-defined at the "Zweiten Berechnungsverordnung (II. BV)" (second calculation regulation) as management costs (Verwaltungskosten), maintenance costs (Instandhaltungskosten), vacancy and collection loss (Mietausfallwagnis) and other operating costs (Betriebskosten). The non-recoverable costs are increased with the inflation rate per year.

Potential Gross Rental Income (PRI)

The Potential Gross Rental Income (PRI) is calculated as the sum of the rental income for rented area multiplied with the current rent per sq m and the vacant area multiplied with the market rent per sq m.

Transaction Costs (TC)

The Transaction Costs (TC) are defined in German as "Erwerbsnebenkosten" and are the costs for land purchase tax, costs for legal and notary and costs for the broker.